

CYBERMED: Enhancing Cybersecurity in Wearable Medical Devices using Intra-Body Communication

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Introduction & Motivation

- Wearable medical devices (e.g. ECGs, BPMs, Oximeters, CGMs, insulin pumps) are essential for real-time health monitoring.
- These devices typically communicate via **Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)**.
- Vulnerabilities in BLE may expose devices to **Sniffing, DoS, and MITM** attacks.

Medical Devices	Medical Devices			
Stationary	LINAC	Ultrasound Imaging (Sonography)	MRI	X-Ray
Implantable	Cardiac implanted devices: <ul style="list-style-type: none">PacemakersImplantable Cardioverter Defibrillator (ICD)	Neurostimulators: <ul style="list-style-type: none">Deep Brain Stimulator (DBS)Spinal Cord Stimulator	Drug Delivery system	Insulin Pumps
Wearable	Continuous Glucose Monitors (CGM)	Electrocardiogram (ECG) Devices	Blood Pressure Monitors	

- Focus:** Identify and demonstrate practical exploitation paths under real-world conditions.
- Goal:** Strengthen communication security, resilience, and reliability and promote safer system designs for future devices.

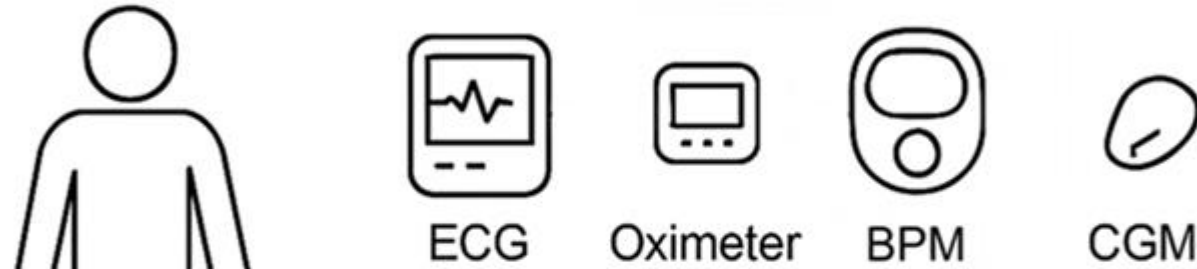
Threat Model

Victim:

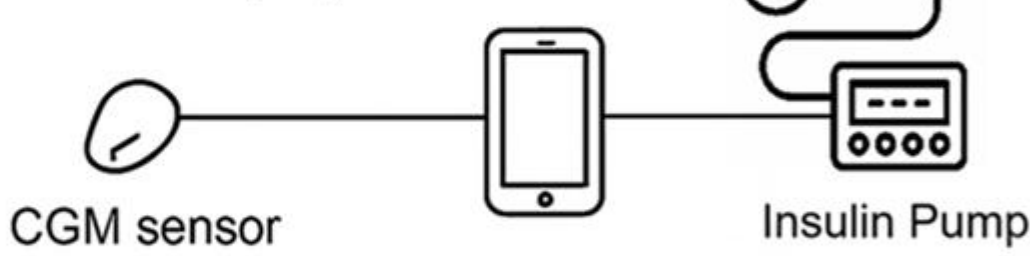
- Blood pressure lability
- Heart arrhythmia
- Hypoxemia
- Diabetes

System:

Open-loop system



Closed-loop system



Adversary:



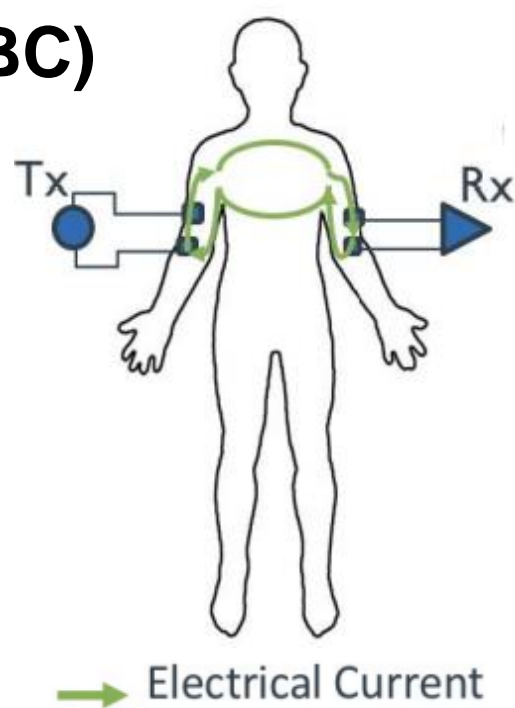
BLE 4.0 / BLE 5.0

Passive (Sniffing/Eavesdropping) and Active (MITM, DoS)

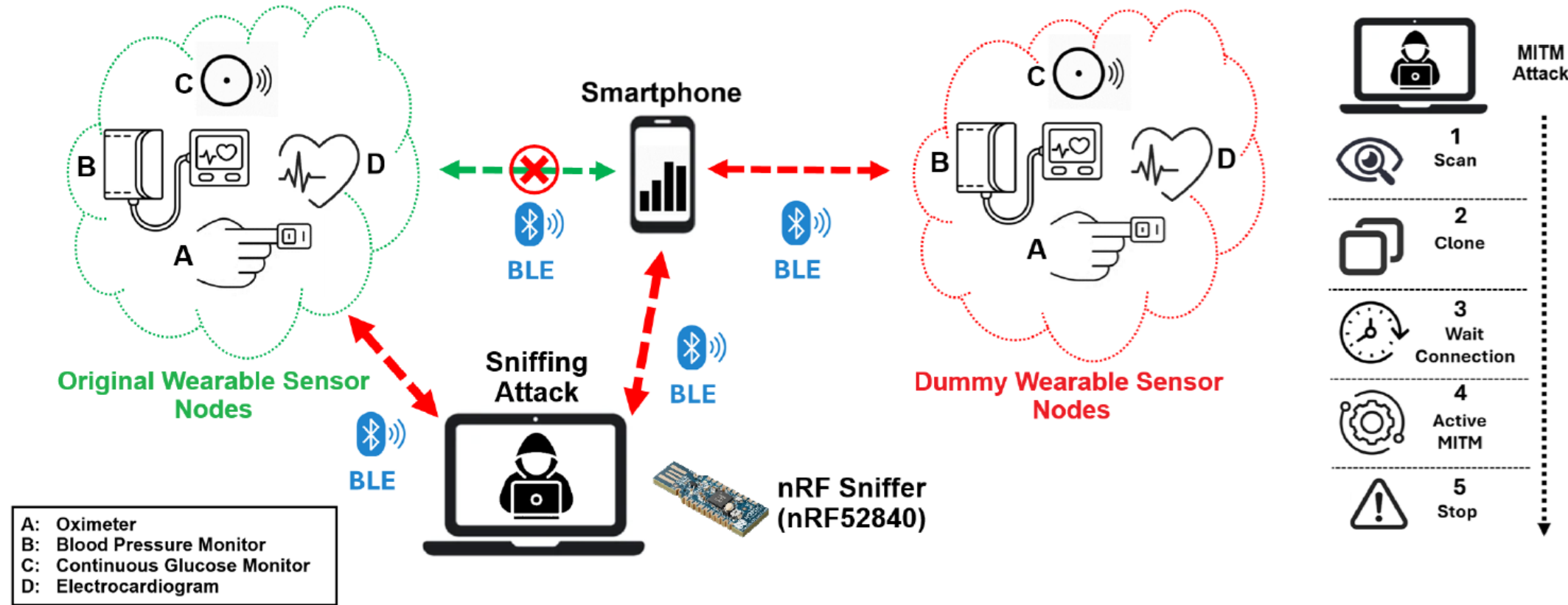
Intra-Body Communication (IBC)

Galvanic Coupling (GC) method is chosen for its performance in the areas of:

- Power consumption
- Tissue safety
- Security
- Transceiver complexity



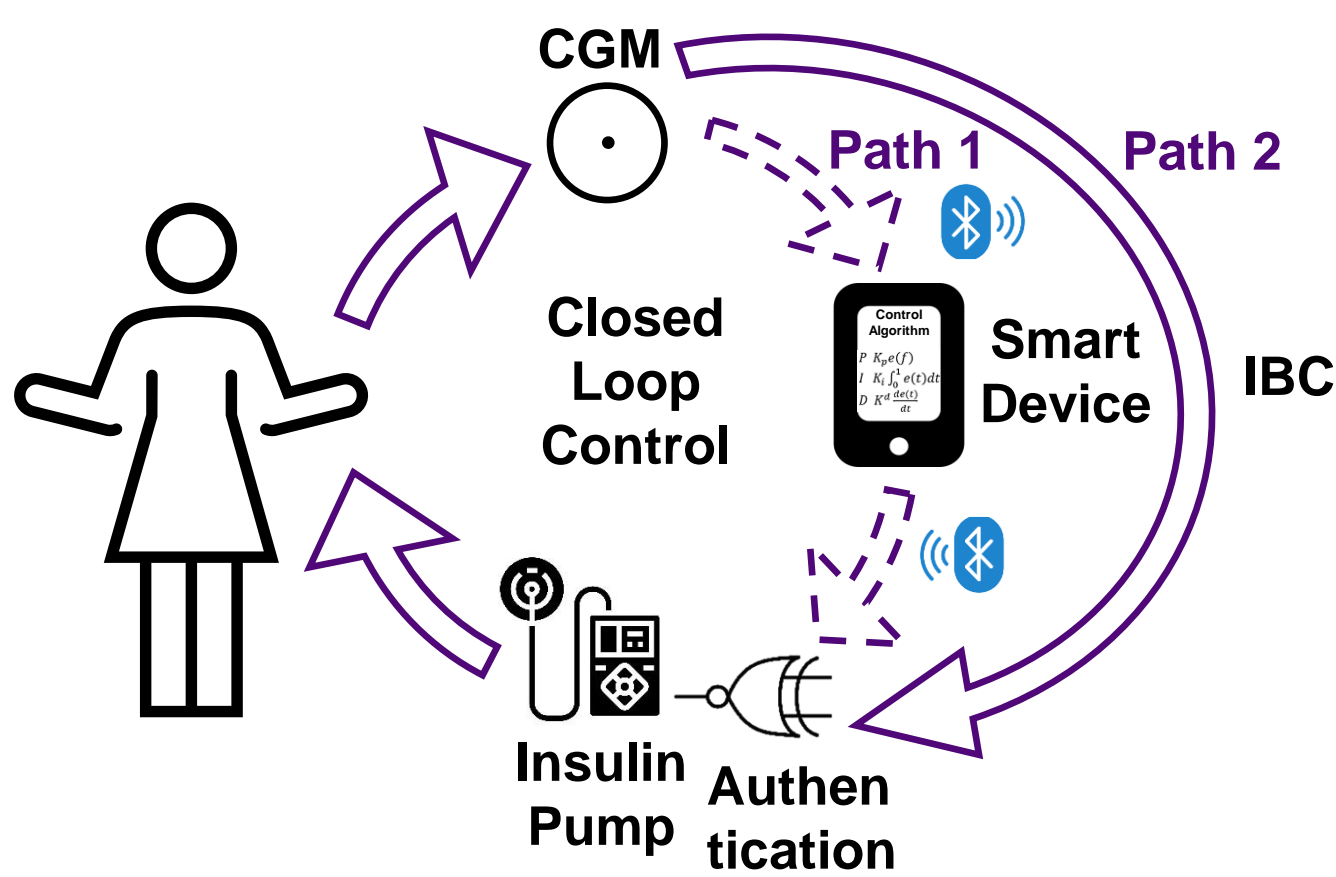
Vulnerability Auditing Methodology



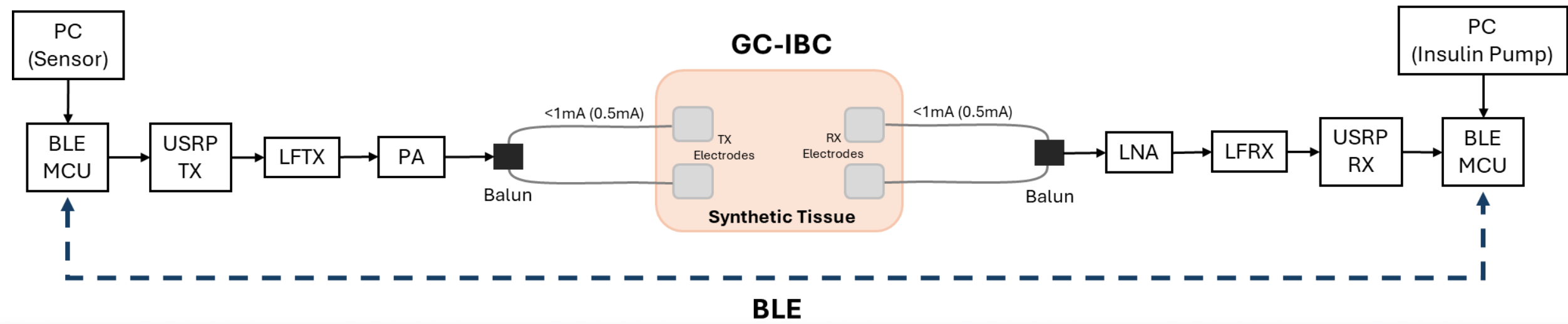
Key Results

Devices	Types of Attacks			
	Sniffing (nRF52840 Nordic Dongle)	Passive MITM (Mirage)	Active MITM (Mirage)	DoS (Mirage)
ECG#1	✓	✓	✓	✓
ECG#2	✓	✗	✗	✓
OXI#1	✓	✓	✓	✓
OXI#2	✓	✓	✓	✓
BPM#1	✓	✓	✓	✓
CGM#1	✓	✗	✗	✓
CGM#2	✓	✗	✗	✓

Proposed System Design



GC IBC – BLE Block Diagram



Proposed Defence Mechanism

Attacks	Defence	Communication	Outcome
MITM	Authentication	BLE ↔ IBC	Security/ Safety
DoS	Redundancy	BLE ↔ IBC	Security/ Safety
Eavesdropping	Fragmentation	BLE ↔ IBC	Privacy

Publications & Recognition

- BioSensors 2024 – Cambridge, UK – Demo Presentation
- RITICS 2024 – London, UK – Presentation
- EWSN 2024 – Abu Dhabi, UAE – Demo Presentation → **Best Demo Award**
- EWSN 2024 – Abu Dhabi, UAE – PhD School Poster Presentation
- KFAS 2024-2027 – Kuwait → **PhD Students Supplementary Fund Grant (£25,000)**
- ISCAS 2025 – London, UK – Conference Paper Presentation

Conclusion & Future Direction

- Systematic auditing of wearable medical devices:
→ **BLE communication vulnerabilities: sniffing, MITM, and DoS** risks.
- Resilient cybernetic safeguarding:
→ **Independent, Reliable and Redundant** layer of protection.
- Future works:** Integration of **IBC technology** with the **BLE communication** protocol for signal authentication.